

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Previously presented) A method of transfecting dendritic cells comprising:
 - providing dendritic cells;
 - providing a transfection agent comprising polynucleotide adsorbed on surfaces of microparticles, said transfection agent being formed by a process that comprises: (a) providing microparticles comprising a biodegradable polymer and a cationic detergent, and (b) exposing said microparticles to said polynucleotide, said polynucleotide encoding an antigen associated with a virus, a bacterium, a parasite, a fungus or a tumor; and
 - incubating the dendritic cells and the transfection agent *ex vivo* for a time sufficient to transfect the dendritic cells with the polynucleotide, thereby leading to the expression of said antigen.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the dendritic cells originate from bone marrow.
3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the dendritic cells originate from blood.
4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the dendritic cells originate from a vertebrate subject.
5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the dendritic cells originate from a human subject.
6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the cationic detergent is cetyl trimethyl ammonium bromide.
7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the cationic detergent is cetrimide.
8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the polymer is a poly(α -hydroxy acid).
9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the polymer is a poly(lactide).

10. (Cancelled)
11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the polymer is a poly(D,L-lactide-co-glycolide).
12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the polymer is a copolymer of D,L-lactide and caprolactone.
13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the dendritic cells are cultured for about 5 days prior to transfection.
14. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the dendritic cells are cultured for about 5 to about 10 days prior to transfection.
15. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the dendritic cells and transfecting agent are incubated for about 24 hours.
16. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide is provided in the form of a plasmid.
17. (Cancelled)
18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the antigen is associated with human immunodeficiency virus, herpes simplex virus, hepatitis B virus, hepatitis C virus, human papillomavirus, influenza A virus, meningitis A, meningitis B, or meningitis C.
19. (Previously presented) A method for producing an immune response comprising administering, to a vertebrate subject in need thereof, an effective amount of dendritic cells produced by the method of claim 1.

20. (Original) The method according to claim 19, in which the dendritic cells originate from the vertebrate subject.

21. (Original) The method according to claim 19, in which the dendritic cells originate from a healthy vertebrate subject MHC-matched to the vertebrate subject.

22. (Original) The method according to claim 19, in which the dendritic cells are administered parenterally.

23. (Original) The method according to claim 19, in which the dendritic cells are administered by direct injection into affected tissue.

24-28. (Cancelled)

29. (Previously presented) Antigen presenting dendritic cells made by the method of claim 1.

30. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said microparticles have diameters ranging from about 500 nm to about 30 μm .

31. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said transfection agent contains on the order of 1% w/w polynucleotide.

32. (Cancelled)

33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide encodes a viral antigen.

34. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide encodes a tumor antigen.

35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide encodes a bacterial antigen.

36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide encodes a parasitic antigen.

37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide encodes a fungal antigen.

38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein said polynucleotide encodes a viral antigen.

39. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein said polynucleotide encodes a tumor antigen.

40. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein said polynucleotide encodes a bacterial antigen.

41. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein said polynucleotide encodes a parasitic antigen.

42. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein said polynucleotide encodes a fungal antigen.

43. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein said polynucleotide encodes a human immunodeficiency virus antigen, a herpes simplex virus antigen, a hepatitis B virus antigen, a hepatitis C virus antigen, a human papillomavirus antigen, an influenza A virus antigen, a meningitis A antigen, a meningitis B antigen, or a meningitis C antigen.

44. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the detergent is cetyl trimethyl ammonium bromide.

45. (Cancelled)

46. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein at least a portion of said polynucleotide is entrapped within said microparticles.

47-49. (Cancelled)

50. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein at least a portion of said polynucleotide is entrapped within said microparticles.

51. (Cancelled)

52. (Previously presented) The method of any one of claims 1-7, 13-23, 29-31, 33-44, 46 and 50, wherein the polymer is a poly(lactide-co-glycolide).

53. (Previously presented) The method of any one of claims 1-15, 19-23, 29-31, 44, 46 and 50, wherein the polynucleotide is an expression vector encoding an antigen associated with a virus, a bacterium, a parasite, a fungus or a tumor.

54. (Previously presented) A method of transfecting dendritic cells comprising: incubating dendritic cells and a transfection agent that comprises a polynucleotide, which encodes an antigen associated with a virus, a bacterium, a parasite, a fungus or a tumor, adsorbed on surfaces of microparticles, said incubating being performed *ex vivo*, for a time sufficient to transfet the dendritic cells with the polynucleotide, thereby leading to the expression of said antigen.

55. (Currently amended) The method of claim 54, A method of transfecting dendritic cells comprising: incubating dendritic cells and a transfection agent that comprises a polynucleotide, which encodes an antigen associated with a virus, a bacterium, a parasite, a fungus or a tumor, adsorbed on surfaces of microparticles, said incubating being performed ex vivo, for a time sufficient to transfet the dendritic cells with the polynucleotide, thereby leading to the

expression of said antigen, wherein said microparticles comprise a biodegradable polymer and a cationic detergent, and wherein polynucleotide is not entrapped within said microparticles.

56. (Previously presented) The method of claim 55, wherein said microparticles are manufactured in the presence of said cationic detergent.

57. (Previously presented) The method of claim 55, wherein said microparticles comprise a biodegradable polymer selected from polylactide and poly(lactide-co-glycolide).

58. (Currently amended) ~~The method of claim 1~~ A method of transfecting dendritic cells comprising:

providing dendritic cells;

providing a transfection agent comprising polynucleotide adsorbed on surfaces of microparticles, said transfection agent being formed by a process that comprises: (a) providing microparticles comprising a biodegradable polymer and a cationic detergent, and (b) exposing said microparticles to said polynucleotide, said polynucleotide encoding an antigen associated with a virus, a bacterium, a parasite, a fungus or a tumor; and

incubating the dendritic cells and the transfection agent *ex vivo* for a time sufficient to transfect the dendritic cells with the polynucleotide, thereby leading to the expression of said antigen,

wherein polynucleotide is not entrapped within said microparticles.

59. (Previously presented) The method of claim 58, wherein said microparticles comprise a biodegradable polymer selected from polylactide and poly(lactide-co-glycolide).

60. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein said dendritic cells are mature dendritic cells.